# Motor SCM 012-130





Sunfab SCM is a range of robust axial piston motors especially suitable for mobile hydraulics.

reliability.

The SCM covers the entire displacement range 12-130 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev at a maximum working pressure of 40 MPa.

Sunfab SCM is of the bent-<br/>axis type with spherical<br/>pistons. The design results<br/>in a compact motor with<br/>few moving parts, highSUNFAB SCM combines<br/>a tapered roller bearing<br/>and a radial bearing for<br/>high radial load tolerance<br/>and long life time.

Sunfab SCM's high level of reliability is based on the choice of materials, hardening methods, surface structures and the quality assured manufacturing process.

Туре		012 SAE B	017 SAE В	025 SAE B	034 SAE B	047 SAE C	064 SAE C	0 SAE C	84 SAE D	10 SAE C	)8 SAE D	130 SAE D
Displacement	cm³/rev.	12.6	17.0	25.4	34.2	47.1	63.5	83.6	83.6	108.0	108.0	130.0
Working pressure max. intermittent max. continuous	MPa MPa	40 35	35 30									
Revolutions max. intermittent max. continuous min. continuous	rpm rpm rpm	8250 7500 300	8250 7500 300	6500 5900 300	6500 5900 300	5900 5300 300	5900 5300 300	4800 4400 300	4600 4200 300	4800 4400 300	4600 4200 300	4600 4200 300
Power max. intermittent max. continuous	kW kW	50 20	70 25	80 40	110 55	135 65	180 90	200 100	190 100	255 130	245 130	255 135
Start torque theoretical value	Nm/MPa	2.0	2.7	4.0	5.4	7.5	10.0	13.3	13.3	17.1	17.1	20.5
Mass moment of inertia (x 10 -3)	kg m²	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	2.6	2.6	6.3	7.4	6.3	7.4	7.4
Weight	kg	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	15.0	15.0	18.0	35.0	18.0	35.0	35.0

Data concerning RPM are based on maximum premitted peripheral velocity of the tapered roller bearing.

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Intermittent power data are based on maximum continuous speed and maximum working pressure. Continuous power data are based on maximum output power without external cooling of the motor housing. Intermittent duty is defined as follows: max 6 seconds per minute, e g peak RPM when unloading or accelerating.

#### Versions, main data



#### Choice of shaft seal

		Temp.	Max. housing pressure MPa at rpm					
Motor SCM	Code	°C	1000	1500	2000	3000	4000	5000
012-034 B	N H V	75 75 90	0.64 2.87 0.64	0.42 1.91 0.42	0.32 1.43 0.32	0.21 0.96 0.21	0.16 0.72 0.16	0.12 0.52 0.12
047-108 C	N H V	75 75 90	0.55 2.46 0.55	0.36 1.64 0.36	0.27 1.23 0.27	0.18 0.82 0.18	0.14 0.61 0.14	0.11 0.51 0.11
084-130 D	N H V	75 75 90	0.35 1.56 0.35	0.23 1.04 0.23	0.17 0.78 0.17	0.12 0.52 0.12		

Subject to design modifications without notice

Factors affecting the choice of shaft seal include the hydraulic motor housing pressure and the drainage oil temperature.

The drainage oil should have a maximum temperature of 75  $^{\circ}$ C with a Nitrile shaft seal and 90  $^{\circ}$ C with a Viton shaft seal. These temperatures must not be exceeded.

Code according to Versions, main data.

### Dimensions

#### SCM 012-034 SAE B



#### SCM 047-064 SAE C



### SCM 084-108 SAE C



Ø 44.45 -0.05

49.3 ±0.13







## SCM 084-130 SAE D



## General instructions

#### Shaft loads

The life of the motor is highly dependent on the bearing life.

The bearings are affected by operation conditions such as speed, pressure, oil viscosity and filtration. External load on the shaft, as well as its size, direction and location also affect the bearing life.

For calculation of bearing life in special applications, please contact Sunfab Hydraulics.



Radial load (N)

#### Installation

The motor housing should be filled with oil to at least 50 % before starting. The drainage pipe should be connected to topmost drainage outlet.

The other end of the pipe should be connected to the oil tank at a point below the oil level.

### Piping

Recommended oil velocity in pressure line max. 7 m/sec.

## Filtering

Cleanliness according to ISO norm 4406, code 16/13.



## Temperatures/Housing cooling

Excessive system temperature reduces the life of the shaft seal and can lower the oil viscosity below the recommended level. A system temperature of 60 °C and a drain flow temperature of 90 °C must not be exceeded. Cooling/flushing of the motor housing can be needed to keep the drain flow temperature at an acceptable level.

#### Suggested flow:

Motor SCM	Flushing I/min	Cont. RPM
012-034	2-8	≥ 2800
047-064	4-10	≥ 2500
084-130	6-12	≥ 2200

Housing flushing can be built up with the help of a flushing valve or taken directly from the return line. When the return pressure is too low this is compensated for by a counter pressure valve.

The tank line is connected to the highest point as in the figure.







### Hydraulic fluids

High performance oils meeting ISO specifications – such as HM, DIN 51524-2HLP, or better – must be used.

A min. viscosity of 10 cSt is required to keep the lubrication at a safe level.

The ideal viscosity is 20 - 40 cSt.

### Useful formulaes

Required flow rate	Q =	<u> </u>	litres/min.
		1000 x η <sub>v</sub>	

n

Speed

$$= \frac{Q \times 1000 \times \eta_v}{D} \text{ RPM}$$

Torque

$$M=\;\frac{\;D\;x\;\Delta p\;x\;\eta_{hm}\;}{6.3}\;\;Nm$$

Power

 $\mathsf{P} = \frac{\mathsf{Q} \mathsf{x} \Delta \mathsf{p} \mathsf{x} \eta_{\mathsf{t}}}{60} \mathsf{kW}$ 

- $D = displacement, cm^{3/revolution}$
- n = speed, revolution/min
- P = power, kW
- Q = flow rate, litres/min
- $\eta_v = volumetric efficiency$
- $\eta_{hm} = hydraulic-mechanical efficiency$
- $\eta_{_t} ~=~ \text{overall efficiency} = \eta_{_v} ~x~ \eta_{_{hm}}$
- M = torque, Nm
- Δp = pressure difference between the hydraulic motor inlet and outlet, **MPa**







When the motor is in use:

- 1. Do not touch the pressure pipe
- 2. Beware of rotating parts
- 3. The motor and pipes can reach high temperatures

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